

**GURU NANAK INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**

An Autonomous Institute under MAKAUT

2020-2021

**CIRCUIT THEORY & NETWORKS**

**EI303**

TIME ALLOTTED: 3 Hours FULL MARKS: 70

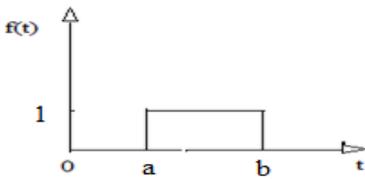
*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

**GROUP – A**

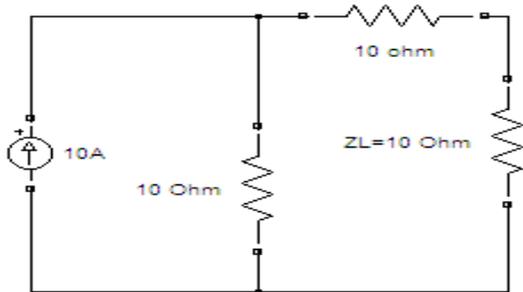
**(Multiple Choice Type Questions)**

Answer any *ten* from the following, choosing the correct alternative of each question: 10×1=10

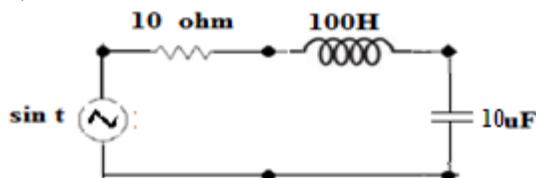
	<b>Marks</b>	<b>CO No</b>
1(i) Two resistors are connected in parallel & each dissipates 20 watts. The total power dissipated across two resistors equals a) 10 watts b) 20 watts c) 40 watts d) 80 watts	01	CO 1
1(ii) Superposition theorem is not valid for a) voltage responses b) current responses c) power responses d) either a) or b)	01	CO 1
1(iii) The Laplace transform of the signal described in the figure -1 shown below is	01	CO 2
		
a) $e^{-as}/s$ b) $e^{-bs}/s$ c) $(e^{-as} + e^{-bs})/s$ d) $(e^{-as} - e^{-bs})/s$		
1(iv) Find the conductance of a conductor of resistance 10 $\Omega$ and, 5 k $\Omega$ . (a) 0.01S and 0.02mS (b) 0.1S and 0.02mS (c) 0.01S and 0.2mS (d) 0.1S and 0.2mS	01	
1(v) The value of impulse function $K \delta(t)$ at $t = 0$ is a) K b) 0 c) $\infty$	01	CO 2

d) 1

- 1(vi) Thevenin's equivalent resistance of the given circuit is 01 CO 1  
 a)  $20 \Omega$   
 b)  $0 \Omega$   
 c)  $5 \Omega$   
 d)  $10 \Omega$



- 1(vii) In a R-L series circuit, the phase angle difference between voltage and current is 01 CO 1  
 a)  $30^\circ$   
 b)  $90^\circ$   
 c)  $180^\circ$   
 d) in between  $0^\circ$  &  $90^\circ$
- 1(viii) Impulse function is first derivative of 01 CO 2  
 a) ramp function  
 b) Step function  
 c) gate function  
 d) parabolic function
- 1(ix) In Superposition theorem, while considering a source, all other current sources are? 01 CO 1  
 a) short circuited  
 b) change its position  
 c) open circuited  
 d) removed from the circuit
- 1(x) At resonance the impedance of the circuit given is 01 CO 3  
 a)  $100 \Omega$   
 b)  $50 \Omega$   
 c)  $120 \Omega$   
 d)  $10 \Omega$



- |        |  |    |      |
|--------|--|----|------|
| 1(xi)  | For a series resonant circuit at low frequency, circuit impedance is _____ and at high frequency circuit impedance is _____<br>a) capacitive, inductive<br>b) inductive, capacitive<br>c) resistive, inductive<br>d) capacitive, resistive | 01 | CO3  |
| 1(xii) | A filter that passes frequencies between two designated cut-off frequencies and attenuates all other frequencies is called?<br>a) high pass filter<br>b) band elimination filter<br>c) band pass filter<br>d) low pass filter              | 01 | CO 5 |

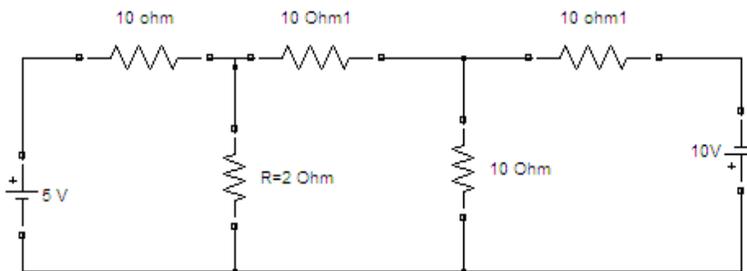
**GROUP – B**

**(Short Answer Type Questions)**

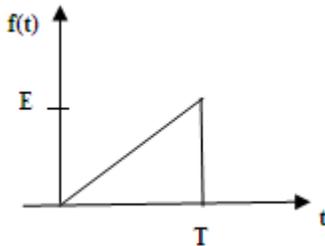
(Answer any *three* of the following)

3 x 5 = 15

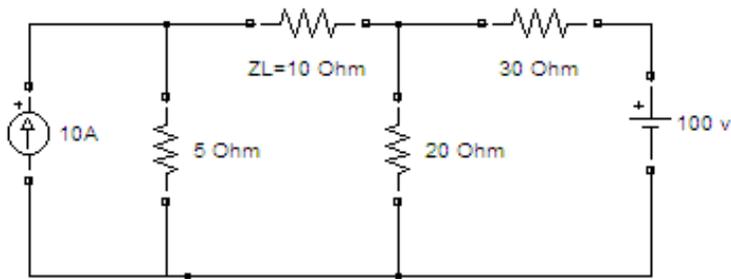
- |  | <b>Marks</b> | <b>CO No</b> |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| 2. Define ABCD parameters of a two port network. Where are they most efficiently used? | 5            | CO4          |
| 3. Find the voltage across the Resistance R of the circuit shown.                      | 5            | CO1          |



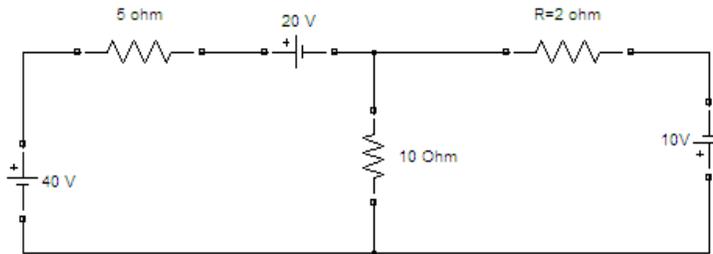
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|--|---|-----|
| 4. Determine the Laplace Transform of the given signal | 5 | CO2 |
|--|---|-----|



- |  |   |     |
|--|---|-----|
| 5. Draw equivalent circuit by applying Thevenin's Theorem and find out load current. | 5 | CO1 |
|--|---|-----|



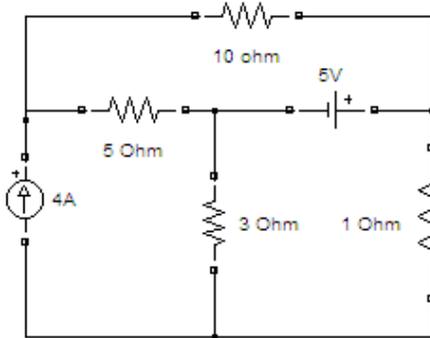
6. State Superposition Theorem. Using this theorem calculate the current through R of the circuit, shown in the figure below. 5 CO1



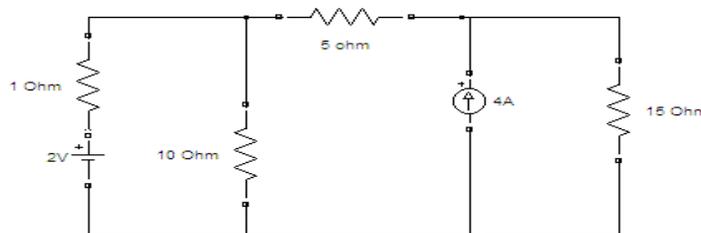
**GROUP – C**  
**(Long Answer Type Questions)**  
 (Answer any *three* of the following)

3 x 15 = 45  
**Marks** CO No  
 5 CO1

7. a) Find out the node voltages using super node analysis.



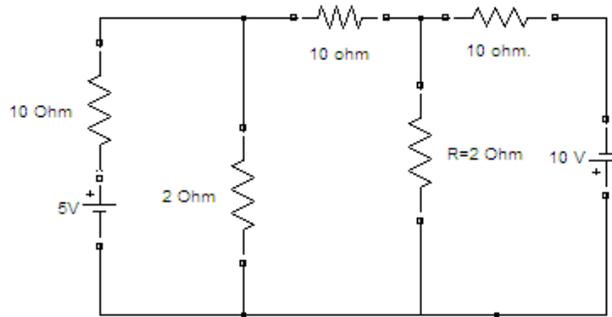
7. b) Find the current through 10 Ohm resistor using Norton's theorem 5 CO1



7. c) Find the voltage across R

5

CO1



8.a) State and prove Maximum Power Transfer theorem. Show that the efficiency for maximum power transfer is 50%.

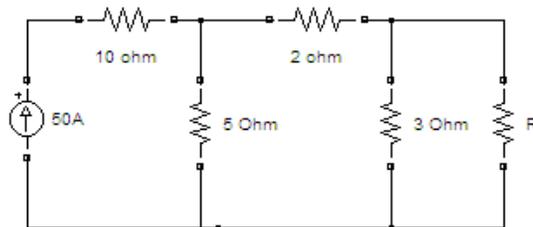
4

CO1

8.b) What should be the value of impedance R for maximum power to be transferred from the source. Obtain the amount of maximum power.

5

CO1



8.c) A coil of inductance 50 mH and resistance 5Ω is connected to a 110 V d.c. supply. Determine (a) the final value of current, (b) the value of current after 4 ms, (c) the value of the voltage across the resistor after 6 ms, (d) the value of the voltage across the inductance after 6 ms, and (e) the time when the current reaches 15 A.

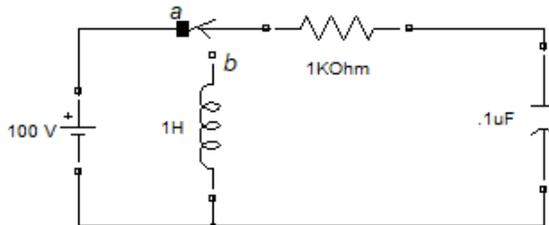
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CO1

9.a) The circuit shown in the figure is initially at steady state with switch at position 'a'. If the switch position is changed from 'a' to 'b' at time  $t=0$ , find the expression for current after switch

5

CO2



9.b) Find the transient response of an R-C series circuit due to step input signal.

5

CO2

9.c) Design a band pass filter with  $f_L=200$  Hz &  $f_H=1$  KHz and a pass band gain=4. Also calculate Q of the filter.

5

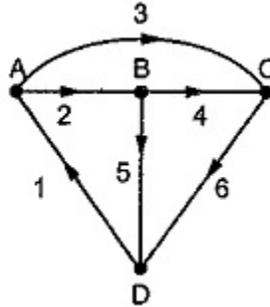
CO5

10. a) What are Symmetry and Reciprocity in terms of a two port network. Determine, for a two port network, the condition of reciprocity and condition of symmetry in terms of Y parameter.

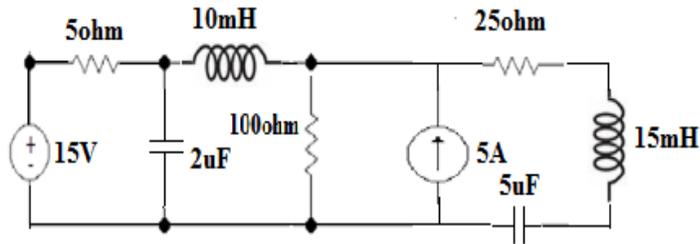
6

CO4

10. b) What are the open circuit impedance parameters of a two port network? Why are they so called? 5 CO4
10. c) Define Tree and Co-Tree. Write the Incidence matrix of the given oriented graph. 4 CO4



- 11.a) Write down the tie set matrix for the following circuit given. Also find branch current in terms of loop current. 6 CO5



- 11.b) What is selectivity of a resonant circuit? Prove that the selectivity is the quality factor. 4 CO3
- 11.c) a) Prove that resonance frequency  $f_0 = 1/2\pi\sqrt{LC}$  for a R-L-C series network. 5 CO3  
 b) For a R-L-C network, prove bandwidth is the ratio of resonance frequency to the quality factor