# GURU NANAK INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY <br> An Autonomous Institute under MAKAUT 2020-2021 <br> Digital Electronics and Computer Organization CS301 

TIME ALLOTTED: 3 Hrs
FULL MARKS: 70
The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

## GROUP - A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)
Answer any ten from the following, choosing the correct alternative of each question: $\mathbf{1 0} \times \mathbf{1}=\mathbf{1 0}$

1. i) Convert the following SOP expression to an equivalent POS expression.
$A B C+A \bar{B} \bar{C}+A \bar{B} C+A B \bar{C}+\bar{A} \bar{B} C$
a. $(\bar{A}+\bar{B}+\bar{C})(\underline{A}+B+\bar{C})(\bar{A}+B+C)$
b. $(A+B+C)(A+\bar{B}+C)(A+\bar{B}+\bar{C})$
c. $(\bar{A}+\bar{B}+\bar{C})(A+\bar{B}+C)(A+\bar{B}+C)$
d. $(A+B+C)(\bar{A}+B+\bar{C})(A+\bar{B}+C)$
ii) Microinstructions are kept in
a. Main memory
b. cache memory
c. control memory
d. none of these
iii) $\quad\left(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}^{\prime}+\mathrm{A}^{\prime} \mathrm{B}\right) \mathrm{C}$ is same as
a. 1
b. 0

01
CO1
c. C
d. $\mathrm{C}^{\prime}$
iv) Which of the following addressing mode is used for the instruction "Push B"?
a. Register
b. Register indirect
c. Direct
d. Immediate
v) Let $\oplus$ and $\odot$ denote the Exclusive OR and Exclusive NOR operations, respectively. Which one of the following is NOT correct?
a. $(\mathrm{P} \oplus \mathrm{Q})^{\prime}=\mathrm{P} \odot \mathrm{Q}$
b. $\mathrm{P}^{\prime} \oplus \mathrm{Q}=\mathrm{P} \odot \mathrm{Q}$
c. $\mathrm{P}^{\prime} \oplus \mathrm{Q}^{\prime}=\mathrm{P} \oplus \mathrm{Q}$
d. $\left(\mathrm{P} \oplus \mathrm{P}^{\prime}\right) \oplus \mathrm{Q}=\left(\mathrm{P} \odot \mathrm{P}^{\prime}\right) \odot \mathrm{Q}^{\prime}$
vi) The minimum number of flip flops required to design a MOD-10 counter is
a. 3
b. 5
c. 4
d. 10
vii) The minimum no. of NAND gates required to design one half adder circuit is
a. 5
b. 8
c. 10
d. 9
viii) The logic circuit in ALU is
a. entirely combinational
b. combinational and sequential
$01 \quad \mathrm{CO} 2$
c. entirely sequential
d. none of these
ix) In DMA, cycle stealing means
a. Controller gets opportunity to transfer only one word in a time slot
b. CPU releases the bus and DMA controller can use endlessly

01 CO5
c. 100 bytes are allowed to be transferred
d. None of these
x) To construct an $n$-line common bus using MUX for $k$ registers of $n$ bits each, the number of MUXs and size of each MUX are
a. k and n x 1
b. n and $2^{\mathrm{k}}$
c. n and kx 1
d. k and $2^{\mathrm{n}}$
xi) The race around condition occurs in
a. JKFF
b. SRFF
$01 \quad \mathrm{CO} 4$
c. Master Slave FF
d. DFF
xii) What is the control unit's function in the CPU?
a. To transfer data to primary storage
b. to store program instruction

CO 2
c. to perform logic operations
d. to decode program instruction

## GROUP - B <br> (Short Answer Type Questions)

(Answer any three of the following)

$$
3 \times 5=15
$$

Marks CO No.
2. a) Distinguish between hardware interrupt and software interrupt.
b) Explain Triggering of Flip-Flops with example.

03 CO4
3. a) Represent -9.5 in 32-bit IEEE floating point representation. 03 CO2
b) What are guard bits? $\quad 02 \quad \mathrm{CO} 2$
4. Explain why DMA based I/O is better than interrupt driven I/O in some situations.
5. a) Distinguish between ripple counter and synchronous counter. 03 CO4
b) Compare parallel adder with serial adder. $02 \quad \mathrm{CO} 3$
6. Distinguish between Hardwired control unit and microprogrammed control unit.

# GROUP - C <br> (Long Answer Type Questions) 

(Answer any three of the following)
$3 \times 15=45$
Marks CO No.
7. a) What is Von Neumann bottleneck?
b) Explain the logic of a 4-bit carry look ahead adder with suitable
c) Design the circuit of 3:8 Decoder and verify its truth table.
d) Design a comparator circuit with suitable truth table and diagram.
8. a) Describe JK Flip-Flop with truth table and characteristics table. 05 CO4
b) Construct a D flip-flop using S-R flip-flop. Explain its characteristic table and excitation table.
c) Minimize the following expression in POS form using Kmap and realize the simplified expression using NOR gates only. $\mathrm{Y}(\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D})=\Pi(0,1,4,5,6,8,9,12,13,14)$
9. a) Design a 4-bit asynchronous up-down counter. 06 CO4

| b) | Design a MOD-N synchronous binary UP-counter using JK <br> flip-flop \& other necessary logic gates. | 06 | CO 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

c) Design a 4-bit bidirectional shift register. $03 \quad \mathrm{CO} 4$
10. a) Apply non-restoring division algorithm to divide 9 by 3. $05 \quad \mathrm{CO} 2$
b) Multiply 3*7 using Booth's multiplication algorithm. $05 \quad \mathrm{CO} 2$
c) An instruction is stored at location 300 with its address field at $\begin{aligned} & \text { co } \\ & \text { location 301.The address field has the value 400. A processor }\end{aligned}$
register R1 contains the number 200. Evaluate the effective address if the addressing mode of the instruction is (a) direct; (b) immediate; (c) relative; (d) register indirect; (e) index with R1 as the index register.
11. Write short notes on any three
$3 \times 5=15$
a) IOP 05

CO5
b) Ring counter $05 \quad \mathrm{CO} 4$
c) SRAM and DRAM. 05 CO5
d) DE-MUX 05 CO3
e) Tri state buffer. $05 \quad \mathrm{CO} 3$

