

**GURU NANAK INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**  
**An Autonomous Institute under MAKAUT**  
**2022-2023**  
**COMPUTER COMMUNICATION AND NETWORKING**  
**MCE102**

TIME ALLOTTED: 3Hours

FULL MARKS:70

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*  
*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable*

**GROUP – A****(Multiple Choice Type Questions)**Answer any **ten** from the following, choosing the correct alternative of each question: **10×1=10**

	Marks	CO No
1. i) The network layer in OSI model is concerned with _____ of data.	1	CO1
a) Bits		
b) Frames		
c) Packets		
d) Bytes		
ii) A 4 byte IP address consists of _____	1	CO1
a) only network address		
b) only host address		
c) network address & host address		
d) network address & MAC address		
iii) In the layer hierarchy as the data packet moves from the upper to the lower layers, headers are _____	1	CO2
a) Added		
b) Removed		
c) Rearranged		
d) Modified		
iv) Which of this is not a network edge device?	1	CO3
a) PC		
b) Smartphones		
c) Servers		
d) Switch		
v) Which of the following tasks is not done by data link layer?	1	CO2
a) Framing		
b) error control		
c) flow control		
d) channel coding		

- vi) Automatic repeat request error management mechanism is provided by \_\_\_\_\_ 1 CO2
- logical link control sublayer
  - media access control sublayer
  - network interface control sublayer
  - application access control sublayer
- vii) Size of TCP segment header ranges between \_\_\_\_\_ 1 CO1
- 16 and 32 bytes
  - 16 and 32 bits
  - 20 and 60 bytes
  - 20 and 60 bits
- viii) A false positive can be defined as \_\_\_\_\_ 1 CO3
- An alert that indicates nefarious activity on a system that, upon further inspection, turns out to represent legitimate network traffic or behaviour
  - An alert that indicates nefarious activity on a system that is not running on the network
  - The lack of an alert for nefarious activity
  - Both An alert that indicates nefarious activity on a system that, upon further inspection, turns out to represent legitimate network traffic or behavior and An alert that indicates nefarious activity on a system that is not running on the network
- ix) Find the class of address 14.23.120.8 1 CO3
- A
  - B
  - C
  - D
- x) Which is not a application layer protocol? 1 CO2
- HTTP
  - SMTP
  - FTP
  - TCP
- xi) Pick the odd one out 1 CO3
- File transfer
  - File download
  - E-mail
  - Interactive games
- xii) The structure or format of data is called \_\_\_\_\_ 1 CO3
- Syntax
  - Semantics
  - Struct
  - Formatting



**GROUP – B****(Short Answer Type Questions)**(Answer any *three* of the following) **3 x 5 = 15**

	Marks	CO No
2. Evaluate the role of digital signature in computer communication security.	5	CO3
3. a) What is the relevance of multiplexing in a computer network?	2	CO2
b) Compare between TDM-FDM and WDM with proper diagram.	3	CO1
4. Explain the different classes of IP addresses. Identify the class of the following IP addresses and give their default subnet masks: i) 227.56.83.0 ii) 114.22.43.21 iii) 129.14.12.1	5	CO2
5. a) What is a repeater? How is a repeater different from an amplifier?	3	CO3
b) What is the number of bits in an IPV6 addresses and IPV4 address?	2	CO3
6. What is a mask in IPV4 addressing? Describe with example.	5	CO3

**GROUP – C****(Long Answer Type Questions)**Answer any *three* from the following: **3×15=45**

	Marks	CO No
7. a) What is Flow-Control in networking?	5	CO2
b) What is the basic difference between private key and public key?	5	CO2
c) Analyze the various TCP/IP utilities.	5	CO1
8. a) Explain the DES algorithm m with diagram.	8	CO2
b) Analyse the role of a repeater.	7	CO1
9. a) What are the different transmission modes? Explain	7	CO1
b) Explain TCP/IP model with a diagram.	8	CO1
10. a) Find the error in following addressing: i) 111.56.045.78 ii) 221.34.7.8.20 iii) 75.45.301.14	5	CO2
b) A block address is granted to a small organization. We know that one of the addresses is 205.16.37.39/28. What is the first address in the block?	10	CO2
11. Write short notes on any <i>three</i> of the followings:	3x5=15	
a) Routers	5	CO3
b) RSA Algorithm	5	CO2
c) Selective repeat ARQ	5	CO3
d) DNS Messages	5	CO3
e) Dijkstra algorithm	5	CO2