## **GURU NANAK INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**

## An Autonomous Institute under MAKAUT 2022

## GENDER CULTURE AND DEVELOPMENT HSMC302

TIME ALLOTTED: 3HR

**FULL MARKS:70** 

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

#### GROUP - A

A	(Multiple Choice Type Questions)	anting 10v	1-10
A	nswer any ten from the following, choosing the correct alternative of each qu	Marks	CO N
1. i)	Gender equity is	1 l	COL
	a) the process of being fair to women		
	b) the process of being fair to men		
	c) the process of being fair to both women and men		
	d) neither of the above		
ii)	Traditionally men have been regarded as the breadwinners and women as	1	COI
	a) viragos		
	b) non functional		
	c) carers and nurturers		
	d) none of the above		
iii)	The book Gender Trouble (1991) was written by	1	CO2
	a) Judith Butler		
	b) Jean Rhys		
	c) Andrea White		
	d) Sandra M. Gilbert		
iv)	Some of the principal barriers in women's education have been	1	CO2
	a) poverty		
	b) cultural issues		
	c) infrastructural problems		
	d) All of the above		
v)	Gender mainstreaming implies	1	CO2
	a) women and men are equally involved in decision-making		
	b) decisions are made based on needs of women and men		
	c) growth targets are represented in terms of gender		
	d) All of the above		
vi)	Indian women gained the right to inherit property via the	1	CO4
	a) Hindu Marriage Act		
	b) Hindu Succession Act		
	c) Dowry Prohibition Act		
	d) None of the above		

## B.TECH/IT/EE/ODD/SEM-III/HSMC302/R21/2022

	vii)	The present-day human society is predominantly patriarchal.	1	CO1
		a) True		
		b) False		
		c) Not sure		
	viii)	The opposite of gender sensitivity is:	1	COI
		a) Gender inequality		
		b) Gender equality		
		c) Gender blind		
		d) All of the above		
	ix)	Heterosexuality is defined as:	1	CO4
	IA)	a) Attraction towards the opposite sex		004
		b) Attraction towards the opposite sex		
		c) Lacking sexual attraction d) None of these		
		d) None of these		
	x)	What is heteronormativity?	1	CO2
		a) Considering only homosexuality as normal		
		b) Considering only heterosexuality as normal		
		c) Considering only bisexuality as normal		
		d) None of these		
		d) Note of these		
	xi)	The gender-neutral term for "landlord" would be	1	CO5
	Λ1)			003
		b) sir		
		d) madam		
		GROUP – B		
		(Short Answer Type Questions)		
		(Answer any <i>three</i> of the following) $3 \times 5 = 15$		
			Marks	CO No
2.	a.	What is Gender?	2	CO2
	b.	Explain the difference between Sex and Gender with examples.	3	CO2
3.		What are some of the typical gender roles played by women in the family and the community? Elucidate with examples.	5	CO1
4.		Explain gender mainstreaming and integrating.	5	CO3
5.		What are the important types of gender-based violence?	5	CO4
6.		Write a note on some of the gender stereotypes used in advertising.	5	CO5

### B.TECH/IT/EE/ODD/SEM-III/HSMC302/R21/2022

# GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions) (Answer any *three* of the following)  $3 \times 15 = 45$ 

		Marks	CO No
7. a.	What are the traditional attitudes to gender?	8	CO2
b.	How have the attitudes to gender changed in modern times? Explain with examples.	7	CO2
8. a.	Differentiate between gender blind and gender sensitive.	9	CO3
b.	What measures has the Indian Government taken to promote women's education in recent times?	6	CO1,CO3
9. a.	What is gender-based violence? How does it affect economic development?	10	CO4
b.	What measures may be taken to curb gender-based violence?	5	CO4
10.	How have gender issues been reflected in films and the electronic media?	15	CO5
11.	Write short notes on any three of the following:	3x5=15	CO4
a.	Gender and Human Rights	5	CO2
b.	Gender Stereotyping	5	CO2
c.	Gender and Mainstreaming	5	CO2
d.	Verbal Violence	5	CO4
e.	Gender-based valuation of labour	5	CO2