

**GURU NANAK INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**  
**An Autonomous Institute under MAKAUT**  
**2022**  
**VIRTUAL INSTRUMENTATION**  
**EI801A**

TIME ALLOTTED: 3 hrs

FULL MARKS: 70

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.**Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable***GROUP – A****(Multiple Choice Type Questions)**(Answer any **ten** from the following, choosing the correct alternative of each question)**10×1=10**

	Marks	CO No.
1. (i) To copy an item on the front panel or block diagram, press <Ctrl-C> and then <Ctrl-V>, or simply hold _____ and click and drag and drop the item.	1	CO1
a. Shift		
b. Alt		
c. Ctrl-Shift		
d. Ctrl		
(ii) What type of interface does a DAQ (Data acquisition) hardware creates?	1	CO1
a. Interface between two similar signals		
b. Interface between a computer and signal		
c. Interface between two dissimilar signals		
d. Interface between two similar hardware		
(iii) What is stand alone data acquisition systems often called?	1	CO1
a. Data Blogger		
b. Data Logger		
c. Data Vlogger		
d. Digital Blogger		
(iv) Which microcontroller is used in Arduino UNO?	1	CO2
a. ATmega2560		
b. ATmega1280		
c. ATmega328		
d. ATmega168		
(v) To find a quick description of an object in the LabVIEW environment, simply turn on _____ by pressing _____ and hovering over the object.	1	CO1
a. Context Help, Ctrl-U		
b. Detailed Help, Ctrl-I		
c. Context Help, Ctrl-H		
d. LabVIEW Help, Ctrl-Z		

- |        |  |   |     |
|--------|--|---|-----|
| (vi)   | For Loops in LABVIEW have auto-index output tunnels, which automatically create  | 1 | CO4 |
|        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. array of data</li> <li>b. graphs with data</li> <li>c. cluster of data</li> <li>d. all of the above</li> </ul>   |   |     |
| (vii)  | When the VI that are being created or edited contains errors then  | 1 | CO1 |
|        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. the Run button appears broken</li> <li>b. the red button appears</li> <li>c. the pause button appears</li> <li>d. the continuous run button appears</li> </ul>   |   |     |
| (viii) | The percentage quantization error of a 10bit ADC is  | 1 | CO4 |
|        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. 0.1%</li> <li>b. 1%</li> <li>c. 10%</li> <li>d. 0.01%</li> </ul>   |   |     |
| (ix)   | Which of the followings is used for parallel communication?  | 1 | CO3 |
|        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. RS232</li> <li>b. RS232a</li> <li>c. CAT5</li> <li>d. IEEE 1284</li> </ul>   |   |     |
| (x)    | GPIB is related to   | 1 | CO3 |
|        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. IEEE808.2</li> <li>b. IEEE485</li> <li>c. IEEE488</li> <li>d. IEEE1284</li> </ul>  |   |     |
| (xi)   | A _____, which consists of eight digital lines, can be used to input or output digital data.   | 1 | CO3 |
|        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Multifunction Port</li> <li>b. Input Port</li> <li>c. Output Port</li> <li>d. Digital Port</li> </ul>  |   |     |
| (xii)  | A subVI corresponds to   | 1 | CO2 |
|        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. a interrupt in text-based programming languages</li> <li>b. a subroutine call in text-based programming languages</li> <li>c. a conditional loop in text-based programming languages</li> <li>d. All of the above</li> </ul> |   |     |

**GROUP – B****(Short Answer Type Questions)**Answer any *three* from the following:  $3 \times 5 = 15$ 

	Marks	CO No.
2. Explain the difference between Local and global variables used in VI Programming.	5	CO4
3. Draw and explain the basic difference between the traditional instruments and software based virtual instruments.	5	CO1
4. When sequence structure is used in Labview? How does the sequence structure work explain with an example?	5	CO2
5. Explain in detail about the architecture of PCMCIA with its applications.	5	CO3
6. List the similarities and differences between PXI and VXI.	5	CO3

**GROUP – C****(Long Answer Type Questions)**Answer any *three* from the following:  $3 \times 15 = 45$ 

	Marks	CO No.
7 a. Mention the features of Block Diagram of LabVIEW	7	CO1
b. Explain how For Loop is used in VI programming.	4	CO2
c. Explain how While Loop is used in VI programming.	4	
8 a. What is Sub VI in LabVIEW? List the steps to edit a SubVI icon and call it by other programs.	8	CO2
b. What do you mean by data flow programming?	1	CO2
c. Explain the characteristics of data flow programming.	2	CO2
d. Describe the process of data flow programming with respect to LabVIEW.	4	CO2
9 a. Compare the Array and cluster data types in LabVIEW	5	CO2
b. Mention the features of Front Panel of LabVIEW.	3	CO1
c. With schematic diagram, explain the operating principle of Integrating type of ADC.	7	CO4
10 a. What do you mean by Virtual Instruments?	3	CO1
b. Draw the block diagram and explain the difference between the Traditional Instruments and Virtual Instruments.	4	CO1
c. Mention the important features of Front Panel.	4	CO1
d. Explain how VL may be incorporated in the basic structure of an Automatic Control System?	4	CO2
11. Write Short Notes on <b>any three</b> of the followings:	5X3=15	CO3
a. IEEE488.2	5	CO3
b. Case structure in LABVIEW	5	CO2
c. SAR type of ADC	5	CO4
d. Asynchronous Counter	5	CO4
e. Serial ports: RS-232	5	CO4